

Name: Key

Directions: Show all work. No credit for answers without work.

1. [4 points] Let A , B , and C be matrices of appropriate sizes. Find an identity that expresses $(ABC)^T$ in terms of A^T , B^T , and C^T .

$$(ABC)^T = ((AB)C)^T = C^T(AB)^T = C^T B^T A^T$$

2. [6 points] Prove that if A , B , and C are matrices of appropriate sizes, then $C(A+B) = CA+CB$.

Let A and B be $(p \times n)$ -matrices. Let C be an $(m \times p)$ -matrix.

Let $D = A+B$; note that D is a $(p \times n)$ -matrix with

$$d_{ij} = a_{ij} + b_{ij}.$$

Let $E = CD$. Note that E is an $(m \times n)$ -matrix and

$$\begin{aligned} e_{ij} &= \sum_{k=1}^p c_{ik} d_{kj} = \sum_{k=1}^p c_{ik} (a_{kj} + b_{kj}) \\ &= \sum_{k=1}^p c_{ik} a_{kj} + \sum_{k=1}^p c_{ik} b_{kj}. \end{aligned}$$

Let $F = CA$ and $G = CB$, and note that F and G are $(m \times n)$ -matrices with

$$f_{ij} = \sum_{k=1}^p c_{ik} a_{kj}, \quad g_{ij} = \sum_{k=1}^p c_{ik} b_{kj}.$$

Let $H = F+G$; note that H is an $(m \times n)$ -matrix with

$$h_{ij} = f_{ij} + g_{ij} = \sum_{k=1}^p c_{ik} a_{kj} + \sum_{k=1}^p c_{ik} b_{kj}.$$

Since $e_{ij} = h_{ij}$, we have $F+G = H$ and $C(A+B) = CA+CB$. \square